

CLAIMS

- 1 A curable liquid resin composition comprising the following components (A),
5 (B), and (C):
(A) 0.5-50 wt% of a urethane (meth)acrylate oligomer obtained from a polyol
(a) having a branched structure comprising at least one branch point and
at least three molecular chains extending from that branch point, said
molecular chains having a molecular weight of 200 g/mol or more,
including a hydroxyl group at the terminal of at least two molecular chains
10 extending from the branch point, a polyisocyanate (b), and a hydroxyl
group-containing (meth)acrylate (c);
(B) 5-90 wt% of a polymerizable organic compound; and
(C) 0.1-10 wt% of a polymerization initiator,
wherein the cured product has a Young's modulus of 350 MPa or more at
15 23°C.
- 2 The curable liquid resin composition according to claim 1, wherein each
molecular chain extending from the branch point of (a) includes a hydroxyl
group.
- 3 The curable liquid resin composition according to claim 1, wherein the
20 molecular chains having a molecular weight of 500 g/mol or more.
- 4 A curable liquid resin composition comprising the following components (A),
(B), and (C):
(A) 5-45 wt% of a urethane (meth)acrylate oligomer obtained from a polyol
having a branched structure, including a hydroxyl group at the terminal of
25 each branched molecular chain (hereinafter referred to as a side chain),
and having a side chain number average molecular weight of 500-2,000, a
polyisocyanate, and a hydroxyl group-containing (meth)acrylate, the
oligomer containing the hydroxyl group originating from the polyol;
(B) 5-90 wt% of a polymerizable monofunctional compound; and
30 (C) 0.1-10 wt% of a polymerization initiator.
- 5 The curable liquid resin composition according to any one of claims 1-4,
wherein the cured product has a Young's modulus of 500 MPa or more at
23°C.
- 6 The curable liquid resin composition according to any one of claims 1-5,
35 wherein the stress-relaxation time of the cured product is less than 4 minutes.
- 7 The curable liquid resin composition according to any one of claims 1-6,

wherein the steady state compliance J_e is 2 MPa^{-1} or more.

- 8 The curable liquid resin composition according to any one of claims 1-7,
wherein the polyol (a) of the component (A) has 3-6 molecular chains
extending from the branch point, at least two of said molecular chains
5 extending from the branch point including a hydroxyl group.
- 9 The curable liquid resin composition according to any one of claims 1-8
containing at least one further urethane (meth)acrylate which is different from
(A).
- 10 The curable liquid resin composition according to claim 9, wherein the at least
10 one further urethane (meth)acrylate is a urethane (meth)acrylate oligomer
based on a diol.
- 11 The curable liquid resin composition according to any one of claims 1-10,
wherein the curable liquid resin composition is a curable liquid secondary
coating composition, a curable liquid ink material or a curable liquid matrix
15 material.
- 12 Use of a curable liquid resin composition according to any one of claims 1-11
as a secondary coating composition, ink composition or matrix material for
coating an optical glass fiber.
- 13 Cured product obtained by curing a curable liquid resin composition according
20 to any one of claims 1-11.
- 14 Coated optical fiber comprising a glass optical fiber having a primary coating,
a coated optical fiber comprising a glass optical fiber having a primary coating
and a secondary coating, a coated optical fiber comprising a glass optical fiber
having a primary coating, a secondary coating and an upjacketing coating, a
25 coated optical fiber comprising a glass optical fiber and a single coating, a
coated optical fiber comprising a glass optical fiber, a single coating and an
upjacketing coating, and each coated fiber optionally having an ink
composition applied thereon, and to an optical fiber ribbon comprising at least
two of said coated and optionally inked optical fibers wherein at least one of
30 said coating or composition is derived from a radiation-curable composition as
described in any one of claims 1-9.
- 15 Process for the preparation of a branched polyol comprising at least one
branch point and at least three molecular chains extending from that branch
point, including a hydroxyl group at the terminal of at least two molecular
35 chains extending from the branch point, the method comprising a reaction of a
polyol (a') comprising at least three hydroxyl groups with a polyisocyanate (b)

- and at least one other polyol (a''), wherein the polyol (a') forms the branch point of the branched polyol and the at least one other polyol (a'') forms the molecular chains extending from the branch point, and wherein the polyisocyanate connects the branch point and the molecular chain extending from the branch point.
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- 16 Process according to claim 15, wherein the molecular weight of at least three molecular chains extending from the branch point is 200 g/mol or more.
- 17 Process according to claim 15 or claim 16, wherein the other polyol is a diol.
- 18 Process according to any one of claims 15-17, wherein the branched polyol includes 3 or 4 molecular chains extending from the branch point.
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- 19 Branched polyol obtainable by the process according to any one of claims 15-18.
- 20 Process for the preparation of a urethane (meth)acrylate oligomer wherein the branched polyol according to claim 19 is further reacted with a polyisocyanate (b) and a hydroxyl group containing (meth)acrylate (c) to form the urethane (meth)acrylate oligomer.
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- 21 Urethane (meth)acrylate oligomer obtainable by the process according to claim 20.
- 22 Use of a urethane (meth)acrylate oligomer obtained from a polyol (a) having a branched structure comprising at least one branch point and at least three molecular chains extending from that branch point, said molecular chains having a molecular weight of 200 g/mol or more, including a hydroxyl group at the terminal of at least two molecular chains extending from the branch point, a polyisocyanate (b), and a hydroxyl group-containing (meth)acrylate (c) as a rheology modifier.
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